Monitor **Deloitte.**



Creating Shared Value in the Northern Cape Mining and Community Development Breakfast Workshop Shani Cronjé 19 October 2017

Why Shared Value?

1

Companies are widely perceived to be prospering at the expense of the broader community

US



2

Policies that aim to balance competitiveness and societal benefits have been introduced



3

Results have increased CSR spend but often not socioeconomic growth

Spend







4

Companies must take the lead in bringing business and society back together:

'The solution lies in the principle of shared value, which involves creating economic value in a way that also creates value for society by addressing its needs and challenges'

Corporate Social Responsibility vs Shared Value

Corporate Social Responsibility

- Value: Doing Good
- · Citizenship, philanthropy, sustainability
- Discretionary or in response to external pressure
- "Cost of compliance" mind-set
- Agenda is determined by corporate footprint, CSR budget and regulation
- Impact limited by corporate footprint and CSR budget
- Reactive unilateral action

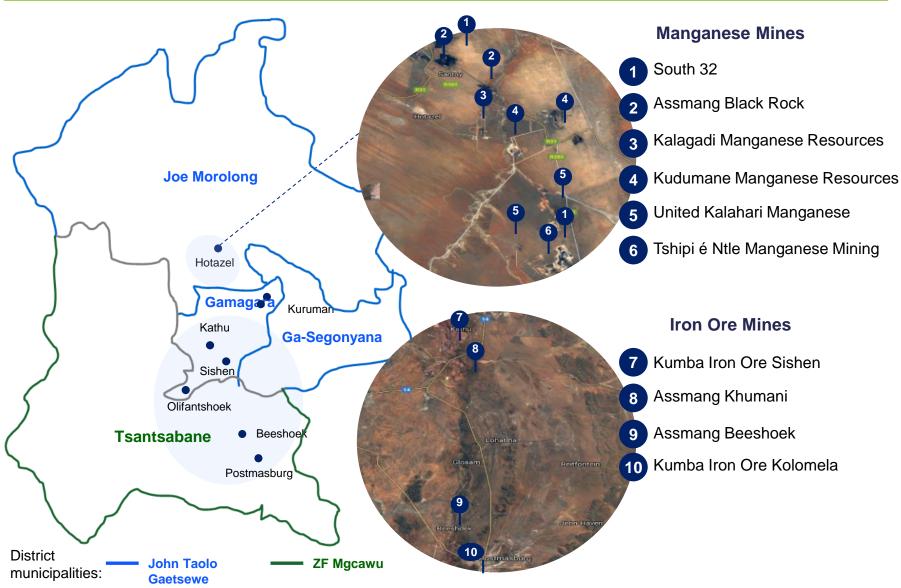
Shared Value

VS.

- Value: Economic and societal benefits and impact relative to cost
- Joint company and community value creation across region
- Integral to sustaining a competitive advantage
- Investment mind-set
- Agenda is company specific and collaboratively generated
- Realigns the entire company budget

Northern Cape mining companies are complying with the requirements as set out in the Mining Charter, yet an inherent desire exists to deliver greater impact i.e. shared value

Mines in the Northern Cape



Investigating the Case for Collaboration



How much are we investing?



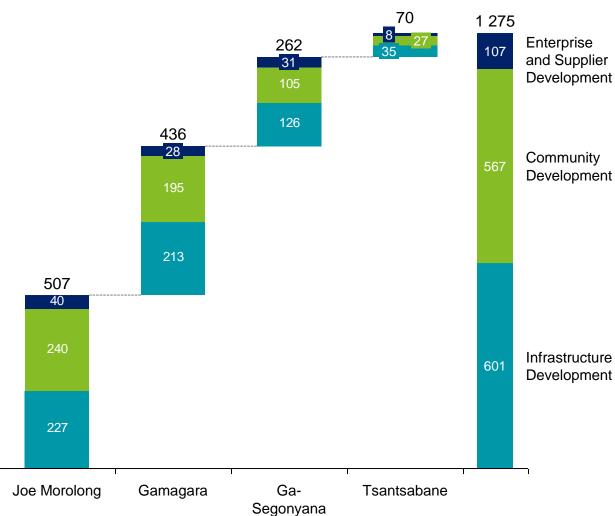
What does the landscape of current initiatives look like?



Should we collaborate?

Regional Portfolio – Five Year Investment

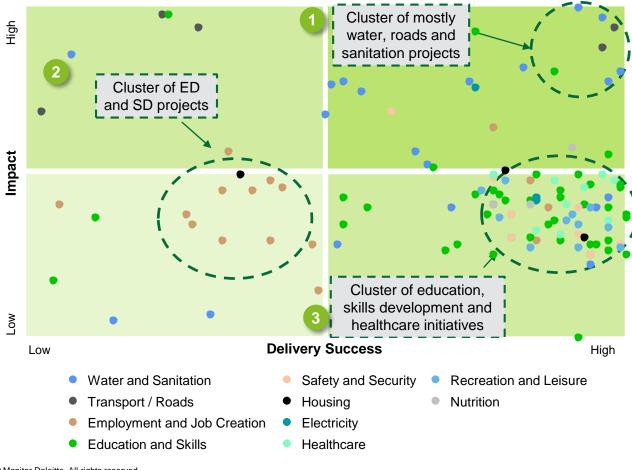
Approximate 5 Year Regional Investment Profile (Rm)



- Typical 5 year regional investment value from participating companies, estimated to be R 1.2 billion
- Includes both social labour plan (SLP) and non-SLP spend
- More than 70% of this regional investment value is directed at the Joe Morolong and Gamagara local municipalities
- Infrastructure development makes up the primary investment focus area, followed by community development and enterprise development
- Infrastructure, community and enterprise categories are based on typical SLP structures, community development includes education and skills development, schools and healthcare

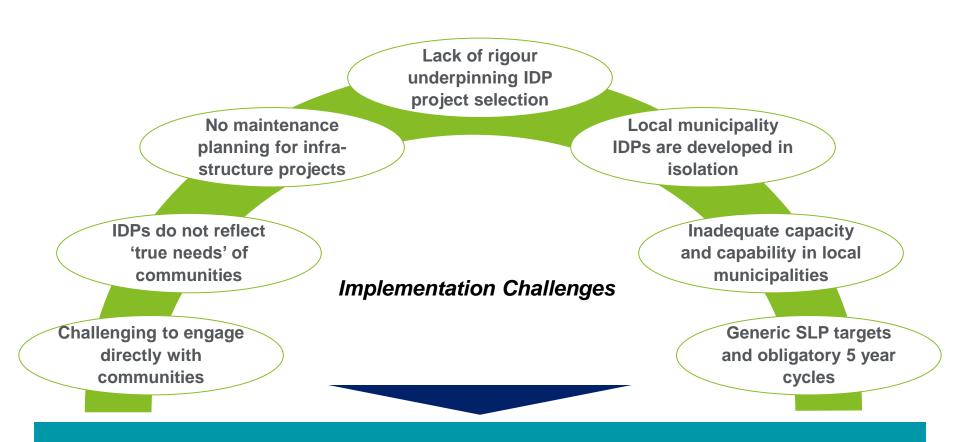
Regional Portfolio – Delivery Success and Impact

Initiative Delivery vs Impact Sample Distribution



- Most initiatives in the portfolio are delivered fairly well but could have a greater impact
- Enterprise supplier development projects require attention as delivery and impact is relatively unsuccessful
- Water, sanitation and road projects are perceived to have made the greatest impact and are mostly implemented successfully
- Education and skills development, as well as healthcare projects are generally smaller and well executed, providing an opportunity to increase impact through scaling

Regional Portfolio – Implementation Challenges



erosion of value and dilution of impact

Case for Collaboration

1

The dire socioeconomic need in the
four target local
municipalities is too
great for mandate of a
single company

2

Collaboration can
provide scale, improve
delivery success and
increase impact of
programmes

Let's collaborate

Collaboration would help resolve challenges related to social labour plan (SLP) implementation and community engagement

3

Collaboration and Regional Aspirations

Participating mines seek to....

Greater socio-economic impact

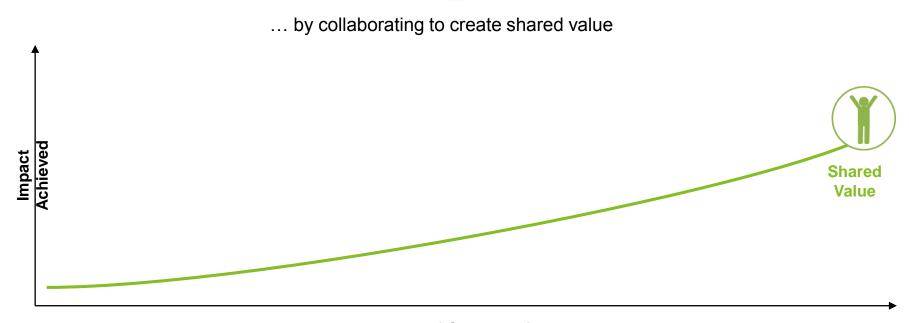
Increased return on social investment

Improved efficiency in initiative delivery

Greater alignment of initiatives to priority needs

Increased social capital¹

Consistent compliance with regulatory frameworks



Level of Collaboration

Functional Collaboration

Mining companies agree that they **Community** should collaborate on confirming priority community needs engagement and initiative selection Mines would like to collaborate on 2 to 3 large, iconic Currently some of the mining projects; adding scale to increase impact for education companies collaborate on initiatives and success for enterprise / supplier Initiative infrastructure projects development **Implementation** Mining companies envisage joint funding of the 2 to 3 large projects selected for joint **Funding** delivery Governance should be tailored to near term collaboration objectives in line with joint needs analysis and joint Governance delivery Few mining companies are able to measure Measuring impact of initiatives delivered **Impact**

Creating Shared Value in the Northern Cape

Focus Areas for Collaboration



Opportunities Collaboration Bring for Emerging Miners

